# USING AI TO FACILITATE THE RESEARCH PROCESS

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## AI HELPING LEARN ADVANCED STATISTICS

#### Al to Teach Graduate Courses

- Graduate Students enrolled in Independent Study
- Provided with weekly learning objectives for Structural Equation Modeling Topic
- Half of the weeks provided a book chapter on topic
- Half of the weeks must use ChatGPT to learn topic
- Quizzed every week without notes
- Submit their ChatLog on ChatGPT weeks

| Technique                         | Instructional Principle                | Explanation   |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| CHATGPT<br>FLASHCARDS             | Retrieval Practice,<br>Spaced Practice | Reinforces memory by actively recalling concepts and optimizing review intervals for long-term retention.       |
| Application-Oriented<br>Follow-Up | Contextual Learning                    | Connects abstract concepts to real-world applications, improving understanding and knowledge transfer.          |
| Concept<br>Simplification         | Coherence                              | Simplifies complex ideas, ensuring learners focus on the critical information without unnecessary distractions. |
| Making Practice<br>Questions      | Retrieval Practice,<br>Feedback        | Encourages active recall and reinforces understanding through grading and detailed feedback.                    |
| Creating Visuals                  | Dual Coding                            | Combines text and visuals to deepen<br>understanding by engaging both verbal and<br>visual cognitive pathways.  |

Mapping AI Usage Techniques to Instructional Principles

#### **Article Abstract**

#### **Article Embedding**

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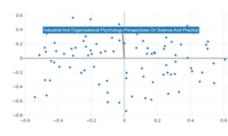
On a given workday, employees spend finer at work doing tasks that are not work-related, potentially using these micro-breaks (in., short breaks that are less than 10 min; to attempt to recover depleted psychological resources such as energy and attention. However, most work break and recovery research has focused on how individuals recover from work during farmal norwork time with longer or unspecified time durations (e.g., funch breaks, evenings, secations), limiting theoretical and empirical understanding of whether employees can experience recovery within the workday via brief micro-breaks. In the current investigation, we first conducted interviews from 16 shift workers at a fortune 500 company to develop research questions about how micro-breaks impact psychological resources and recovery experiences. We then used a randomized experiment with a sample of undergraduate students (in = 232) to test the impact of micro-break durations and activities on the recovery of psychological

ANALYZE

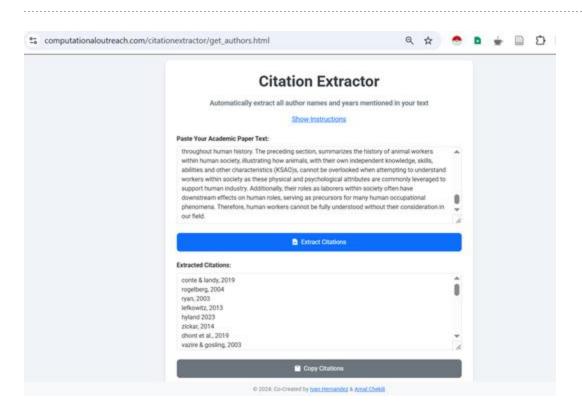


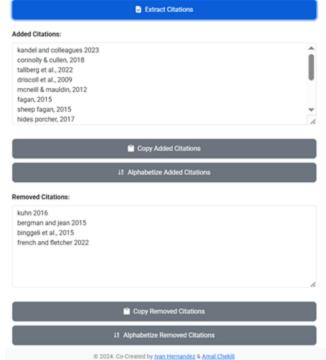


#### **Journal Map**

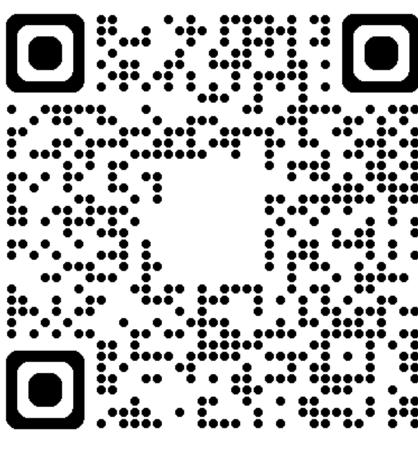


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